



ANR, Appel à projets Générique (AAPG 2019)

QCSP Project (ANR-19-CE25-0013-02)

Deliverable D2.1

Specification of the spreading sequence.

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Abstract: This document gives the PN sequences found by a matlab program that tries to find better solution than LFSR based PN sequences construction.



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History

V1.0: January the 24 2020, Proposition of PN sequences.

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	PARETO SOLUTIONS OF SIZE Q = 256	Erreurs ! Signet non défini.
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	Pareto solution of size q = 4048	Erreurs ! Signet non défini.



1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The initial aim of this deliverable is, quoting the proposal:

“This task will be linked to the definition of spreading sequence that maximize the probability of good detection and synchronization. The impact of different type of spreading sequence will be study on the overall performance system. In particular, two questions will be addressed: should we add a cyclic prefix to the spreading sequence to mitigate the effect of channel echoes and help the synchronization? Should we add special side information that helps the synchronization algorithm? Should we use “classical” BPSK spreading sequence or something different? In fact, we have the freedom to generate any continuous based sequence P_0 . This property can be exploited to adapt the spreading sequence to the existing waveform used in 3GPP.”

The scope of the document is a little narrower, since so far, no need for CRC or for additional information has been identified. Thus document explains how to generate better PN sequence than the ones constructed using LFSR. We give the PN sequences of size $q \in \{64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4196\}$ optimized thanks to a genetic algorithm. **Those sequences will be used as reference sequences in the rest of the project** to simulate QCSP frames.

2 QUALITY OF A PN SEQUENCE

A PN sequence of size q is denoted $P_0 = (P_0(0), P_0(1), \dots, P_0(q-1))$, with $P_0(i) \in \{-1, 1\}$ for $i = 0, 1, \dots, q-1$.

The autocorrelation function $\theta(k)$ of a sequence P_0 is given as:

$$\theta(k) = \sum_{i=1}^{q-1} P_0(i)P_0(i+k), k = 0, 1, \dots, q-1. \quad (1)$$

where addition $(i+k)$ is done modulo q .

An ideal autocorrelation function should verify $\theta(0) = q$ (this is always true, see (1)) and $\theta(k) = 0$, $k = 1, 2, \dots, q-1$. In practice, except for particular cases, no known solution exists and the quality of a PN sequence can be measured on how the partial autocorrelation vector $(\theta(1), \theta(2), \dots, \theta(q-1))$ is close to the zero vector. Three types of norms can be used to measure this distance: L_1 , L_2 and $L_{+\infty}$ respectively defined as

$$L_1(\theta) = \frac{1}{q-1} \sum_{k=1}^{q-1} |\theta(k)|$$

$$L_2(\theta) = \frac{1}{q-1} \sum_{k=1}^{q-1} \theta(k)^2$$

and

$$L_{+\infty}(\theta) = \max\{|\theta(k)|, k = 1, \dots, q - 1\}.$$

3 COMMENTS ON THE LFRS SEQUENCE GIVEN IN D1.1

The following matlab code reproduces the method used to generate the LFSR sequence of length $q = 64$ given in D1.1.

```

clear L
L(1,:) = zeros(1,6);
L(1,1) = 1;

for i = 2:64
    L(i,:) = [mod(L(i-1,1)+L(i-1,2)+L(i-1,5)+L(i-1,6),2) L(i-1,1:5)];
end
L = 2*L - 1; %to go from {0,1} values to {-1, 1} values.

```

From the 64×6 table L thus generated, it is possible to extract 6 PN sequences as $P_i = L(:,i)$, $i = 1, \dots, 6$.

P_1 gives an unbalanced sequence ($\text{sum}(p)$ not equal to 0) while the others sequence P_2, P_3, \dots, P_6 are balanced. The resulting metrics are also different:

Results with sequence P_1 :

$L_2 = 16.750$, $L_1 = 2.438$, $L_{\infty} = 12.000$, $\text{sum} = 2$



Effective rate at -7 dB: 8.39937×10^{-2} (computed by averaging the entropy of 10^7 CCSK symbol transmissions).

Results with sequence P6:

$L_2 = 20.000$, $L_1 = 3.250$, $L_{\infty} = 12.000$, sum = 0

Effective rate at -7 dB: 8.39602×10^{-2} (computed by averaging the entropy of 10^7 CCSK symbol transmissions).

In conclusion, the unbalanced sequence has a slightly higher effective rate than the balanced one.

In the sequel, we use the unbalanced sequences proposed by V. Savin for the comparison with the optimized sequence.

4 GENETIC ALGORITHM TO GENERATE A PN SEQUENCE

The sequences are found by a MATLAB program that uses a genetic algorithm to optimize the L_2 norm. The explanation of the genetic algorithm is explicit in the MATLAB code and its comments given here after. Note that many other parameters can be used and that several attempts can be done to improve a result.

The matlab code used to generate the PN sequence is given here after.

```
%=====
% E. Boutillon
% 16/12/2019
% Search of good PN sequence of length q using L2 norm.
% Input: q: size of the PN sequence.
% best_l2: store the result in file "PN_sequence_q.txt" only
% if a sequence with l2 distance below best_l2 is found.
%
% Output: PN : best found PN sequence of the round.
% L2 : norm 2 value associated with PN.
%
% Moreover, if a sequence with smaller L2 norm than best_L2 is found, the PN
% sequence and its associated L2 norms is stored in the file
% "PN_sequence_q.txt" in append mode.
%
% It allows an easy implementation of several attempts:
%
% best_l2 = 10^10;
% for k = 1:50
%     [PN, L2(k)] = find_sequence(q, best_L2);
%     if L2(k) < best_L2
%         best_L2 = L2(k);
%     end
% end;
%
%=====
function Generation_PN_final(q, best_L2)
%
%=====
% Genetic algorithm parameters:
```



```
%=====
Nb_of_gen = 4000; % Number of generation (q>1024, 10^6 is a good choice).
Pop_size = 50; % Size of the population at the end of each
               % generation.

Pop_growth = 50; % size of new generation made by random association
                  % of the old generation. A new element is created as
                  % pn_new = [pn_old(a, 1:u) pn_old(b, u+1:end)]
                  % with "a" et "b" taken randomly as well as crossing
                  % point "u".

% =====
% Random selection of the initial population.
% =====
pn = sign(randn(Pop_size,q));

for i = 1 : Pop_size
    pn(i,:) = zero_sum(pn(i,:)); % the function zero_sum modifies the first
                                  % elements of pn so that there is an equal
                                  % number of -1 and 1 (and thus, a zero sum).
end

% =====
% Loop on number of generations.
% =====
for gen = 1:Nb_of_gen

    %=====
    % Creation of next generation.
    %=====
    u = 2 + floor(rand(Pop_growth, 1)*(q-2));
    a = 1 + floor( rand(1, Pop_growth)* Pop_size);
    b = 1 + mod( a + 1 + floor( rand(1,Pop_growth)*( Pop_size -1)), Pop_size);
    % Note: by construction, a and b are different and between 1 and Pop_size.

    for j = 1:Pop_growth
        k = j + Pop_size;
        pn(k,:) = [pn(a(j), 1:u(j)) pn(b(j), u(j)+1:end)];
        pn(k,:) = zero_sum(pn(k,:));
    end

    %=====
    % Selection of the best "Pop_size" sequence.
    %=====
    for j = 1: (Pop_size + Pop_growth)

        % Autocorrelation computation
        theta = ifft( fft(pn(j,:)).*conj(fft(pn(j,:))));
        L2(j) = sum(theta(2:end).^2)/(q-1);
    end

    % The best are selected.
    [v I] = sort(L2);
    pn = pn(I(1:Pop_size),:);
```



```
%=====
% Random rotations to give diversity of the crossing of the next
% generation
%=====
R = 1 + floor( rand(1,Pop_size)*(q-1));
for i = 1:Pop_size
    pn(i,:) = [pn(i, R(i):end) pn(i, 1:R(i)-1)];
end

%=====
% Mutation of the current population
%=====
pn( Pop_size/2+1:end, q/2+1:q) = sign(randn( Pop_size/2, q/2));

%=====
% Test of the best candidate.
%=====
if v(1) < best_L2
    best_L2 = v(1);
    P = pn(1,:);
    U = ifft( fft(P).*conj(fft(P)));
    L2 = sum(abs(U(2:end)).^2)/q;
    L1 = sum(abs(U(2:end)))/q;
    Linf = max(abs(U(2:end)));
    fprintf('Generation : %d, L2 = %2.3f, L1 = %2.3f, Linf = %2.3f\n', gen, L2, L1, Linf);
    file_name = strcat('resultq', string(q),'.txt');
    fid = fopen(file_name,'a');
    fprintf(fid,'L1 norm : %2.3f, L2 norm : %2.3f, Linf %2.3f\n',L1, L2, Linf);
    for i = 1:q
        fprintf(fid,"%1d",(pn(1,i)+1)/2);
    end
    fprintf(fid,'\n=====\\n');
    fclose(fid);
end
end
%=====
% Function P_o = zero_sum(P_i)
%=====
function P_o = zero_sum(P_i)

P_o = P_i;
S = sum(P_i)/2;
if S < 0
    I = find( P_o == -1);
    P_o(I(1:S)) = 1;
elseif S > 0
    I = find( P_o == 1);
    P_o(I(1:S)) = -1;
end
end
```

Figure 1 shows example of evolution of the L₂ norm as a function of the iteration number. The different colors correspond to different set of population size (10, 20, 40, 80). The size of the PN sequence is $q = 256$.

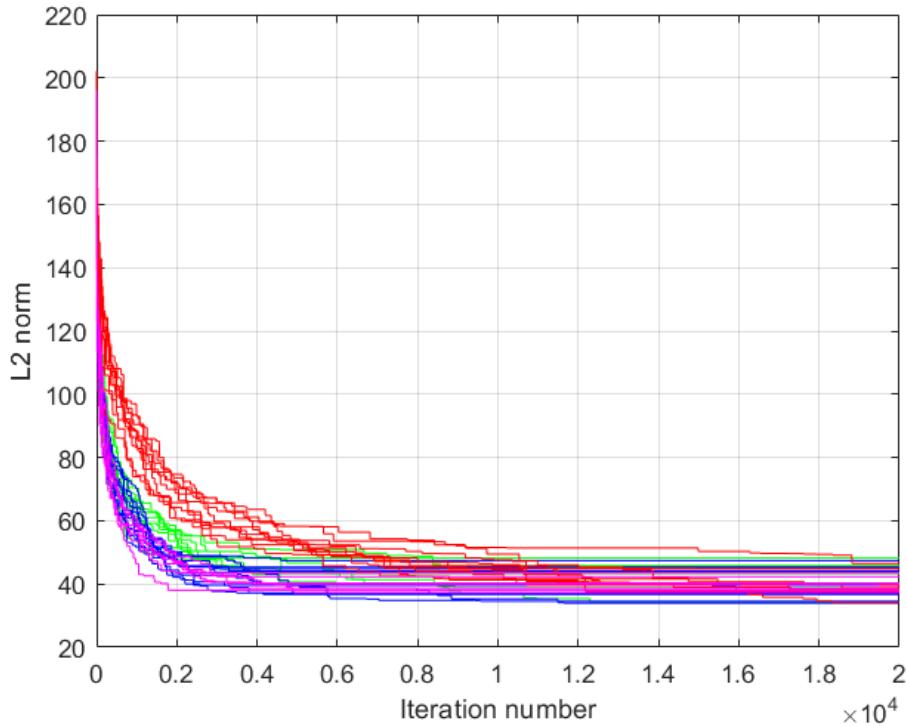


Figure 1: Evolution of the L₂ value according to the iteration number for several parameters for $q = 256$.

The following chapter gives the found sequences by the genetic algorithm and compare then with the LFSR sequences proposed in D1.1.

5 PN SEQUENCES

In this section, the result found for the PN sequence are given for $q = 64$ up to $q = 2048$. The table associated at each section gives the metric of 3 types of sequence: the one obtained by LFSR (PN_q_L), the one obtained by Genetic Algorithm (GA) with balanced number of -1 and +1 (PN_q_B) and, for information, the one obtained with GA algorithm without the balanced constraint.

The proposition is to use the sequence PN_q_B for all CCSK simulation. The 3 obtained sequences are given in the following order: PN_q_B (the one to be used) then, for information, PN_q_L and PN_q_U are also given in this order. The sequences are described are matlab string. From this string, it is easy to retrieve the PN sequence. The following code shows how to do that:

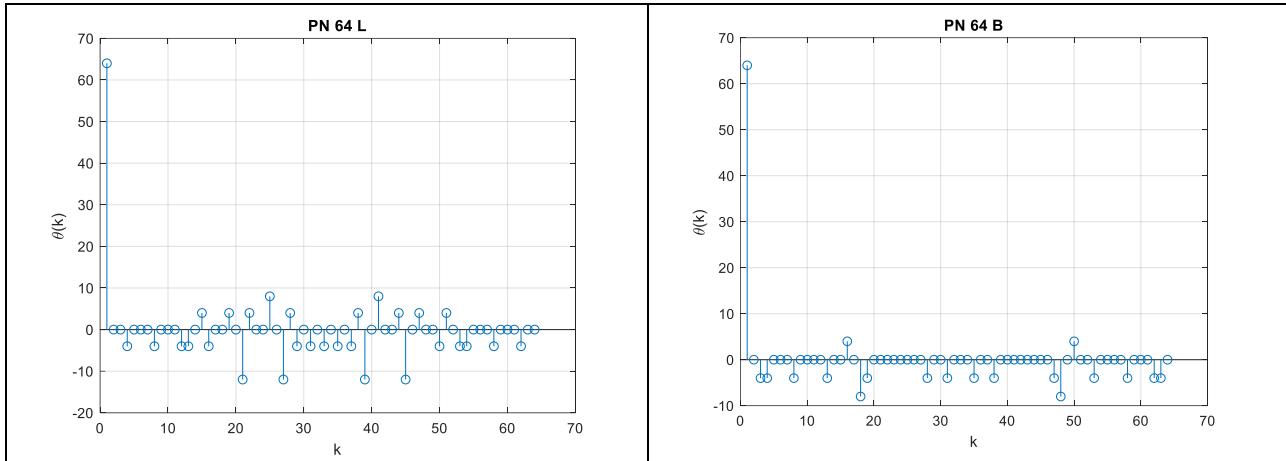
s = '1101'; (string)

p = s - '0'; (the operation are done with ASCII code => it gives a table [1 1 0 1];

p = 2*p - 1; (BPSK modulation to obtain an array [1 1 -1 1];

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 64

	L1	L2	Linf	sum	R _{eff} @ -7 dB
PN_64_L	2.44	16.75	12	2	0.08399
PN_64_B	1.25	6.00	8	0	0.08421
PN_64_U	1.50	6.00	4	-8	0.08375



Sequence to be used (PN_64_B):

'01110110010111010111001110000010000101110000111011100100001101011';

For information:

PN_64_L

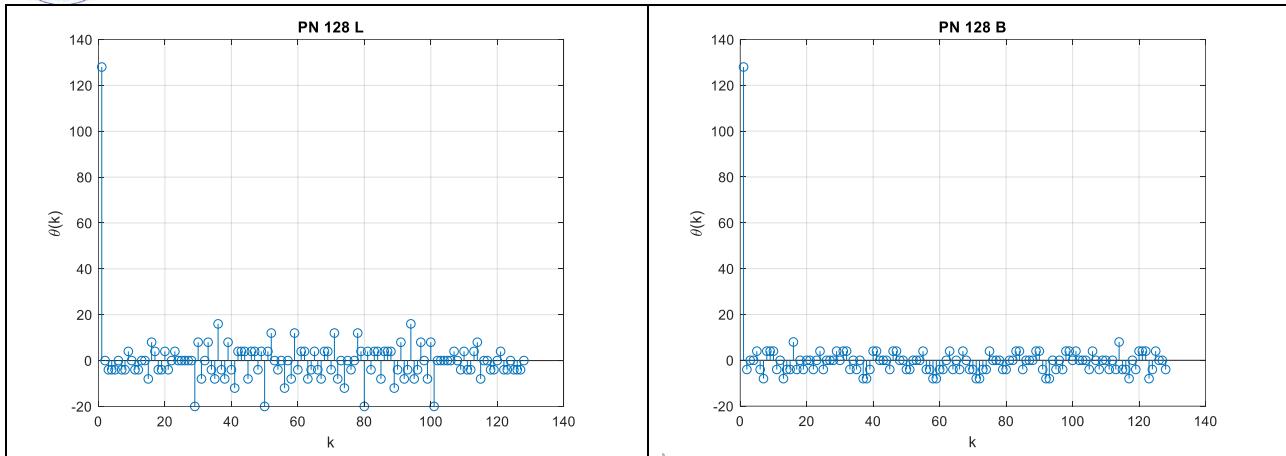
'110111001100011101011111011010001000010110010101001001111000001';

PN_64_U

'100010110001000000110011110100010111000010010110101100111000100';

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 128

	L1	L2	Linf	sum
PN_128_L	4.91	44.12	20	2
PN_128_B	3.00	15.50	8	0
PN_128_U	2.62	15.75	8	-8



Sequence to be used (PN_128_B):

```
'10001010101000011011001101101000011000110110011011000001010000110111
100111001010100011110100100111011111110001101110101001';
```

For information:

PN_128_L

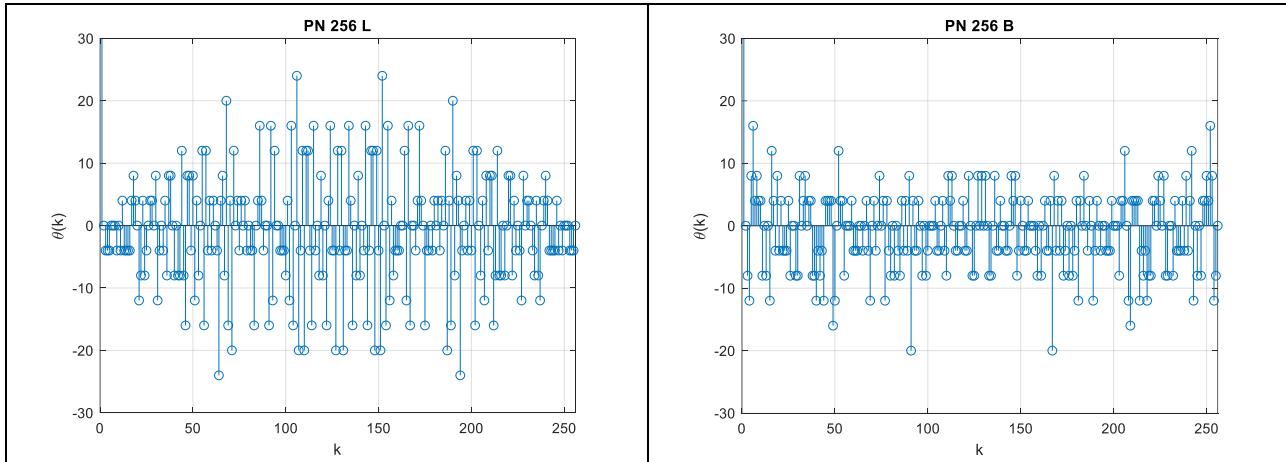
```
'10000010010011010011110111000011111110001110110001010010111110101010000
1011011110011100101011001100001101101011101000110010010001';
```

PN_128_U

```
'10001000000110100001010001100111101110010011010000011000110111101011100
00101001011101011000010111110011010011010010100111010001';
```

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 256

	L1	L2	Linf	sum
PN_256_L	6.92	82.93	24	2
PN_256_B	4.81	38.87	20	0
PN_256_U	4.33	32.19	12	-18



Sequence to be used (PN_256_B):

```
'0111010101001001101101011110010011000100001010010010001101010100001  
010101110110111000000110011001100001100100101100011100010011110011100101  
0111101001110011000101100001011000001001001110111100001100001110101000101  
11111101111111011110111100000001101110' ;
```

For information:

PN 256 L

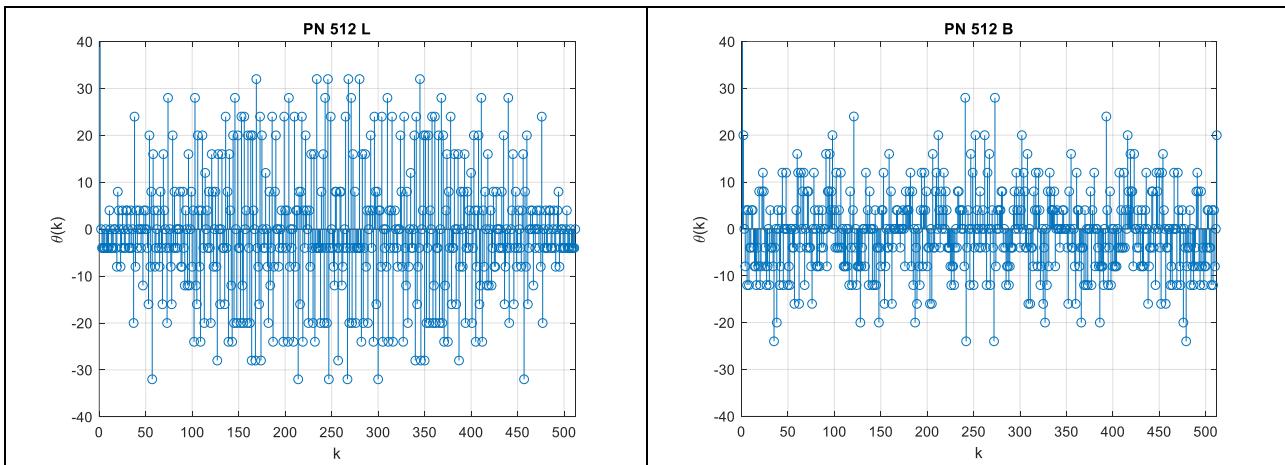
```
'1000000010110001111010000111111100100001010011110101010111000001100010  
101100110010111110111100110111011100101010010100010010110100011001110011  
110001101100001000101110101111011011110000110100110101101101000010011  
1011001001001100000011101001000111001'
```

PN 256 U

```
'0010000110000110010011000100000011000000111011011010001110010101101  
0011010110111010011111000000100101110010010101101011101011011000010100  
000000011100100101110111001101110011011011110100001000011001110000101111  
1000100000100101110100101000110001111' ;
```

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 512

	L1	L2	Linf	sum
PN_512_L	10.05	181.16	32	2
PN_512_B	6.84	78.56	28	0
PN_512_U	6.37	67.50	20	-24



Sequence to be used (PN 512 B):

```
' 10100000110010000011000111111100011010100110101001011111000000111  
110101011010110001000101000001010110000101101101100010111010001100110  
100000000010111101110110010000001101111101111110001110101001100010000010  
111011000111010010110010001111001001010111101000110100011100001111000111  
1001100101010001010111100110001110110110010000011000100001000001101001000  
10111001111111110101000111000111100111100110011100100101111011100100100
```

100111100101110011000110111101100111110111101100000001111101100101010010
00';

For information:

PN_512_L

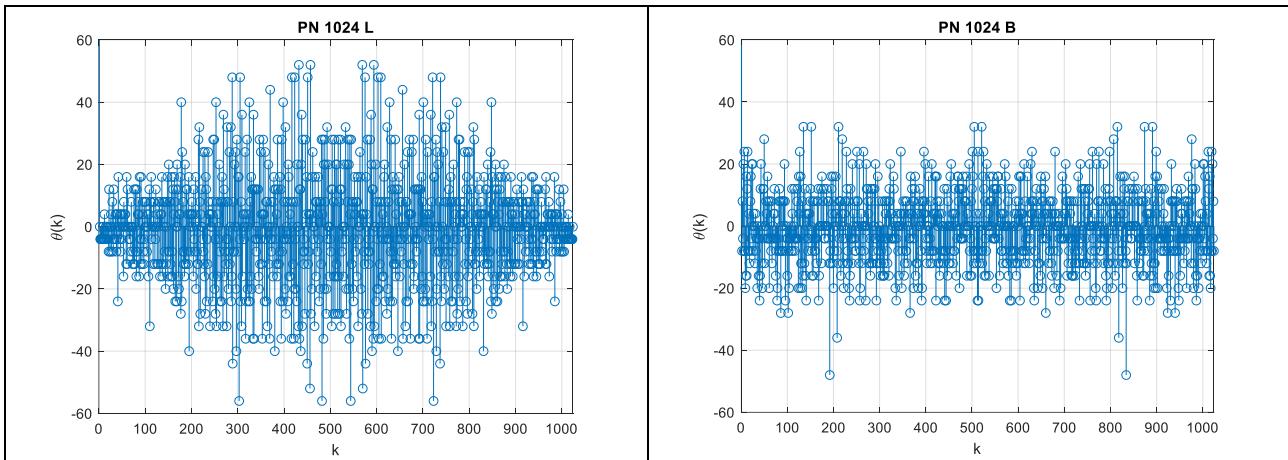
```
'10000000010001000110010001110101011000100101010001101100111100  
1111000101101110010100100000100110011101000111101110000011111111000011  
11011100001011001101101111010001110011000100100010101110101111001001011  
1001110000001110111010011110101001000000101010101111010110100000110111  
011011010110000010111011110001111001100110101110001101000101111110100  
10110001010011000110000000110011001010110010011111011010010011011111  
0010110101000101000100111011001011110001101010011111101010010011011111  
01'
```

PN_512_U

```
'1110001111100100000000010010001001000100000101010110000010010000111  
01111100111001100101011001000011110100111110000111100010010011011010  
11001110100000001010100110011110011000010101001001111100011001001001011  
11010100111111000111001101010011001001001111001010000110011101100100100  
11100111110100011001100000001100011101001111010100011011110101000000000  
100111100001011010101100111011001001011101000111000001110011011100100100  
1011111000100101010110001110011000101011010001010110000100101010101001111  
11';
```

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 1024

	L1	L2	Linf	Sum
PN_1024_L	13.31	312.58	56	2
PN_1024_B	9.37	142.66	48	0
PN_1024_U	9.73	148.97	32	-36



Sequence to be used (PN_1024_B):

```
'1000010010011010001111001000010010110101110010110100010101111101010011  
0000000011111101110001100011010111011110101100000000111000101101001000
```



100010101100001000101101001000100100110011000111101000101011001100011101
01011011011111000110111010011101100101111100110101000110101000010101110
0011111011100011111111011100001001010101000011001001000111000111001010
100011100001100011001000100110000000000010101001101110111101001010011
0111010100101100011001110000111100111000001100000100010110101011010001
101000001011111110110011011001011001010001110010110010100011100101100101
1011011010010010011100011100110111001000010100110100101100001110000110
001010110000100010101111010110110001100010110010111111000010111110100
0000100110111000010100101000111010100111111010011111101001001110110000
0000101111111101001111010101111000100110101111110100100110011011100101
10011010001010110010111000011101001110101101100101000110010111000011011
10010011111110001101100101100100010001011011011001110000111010000111010000
001'

For information:

PN_1024_L

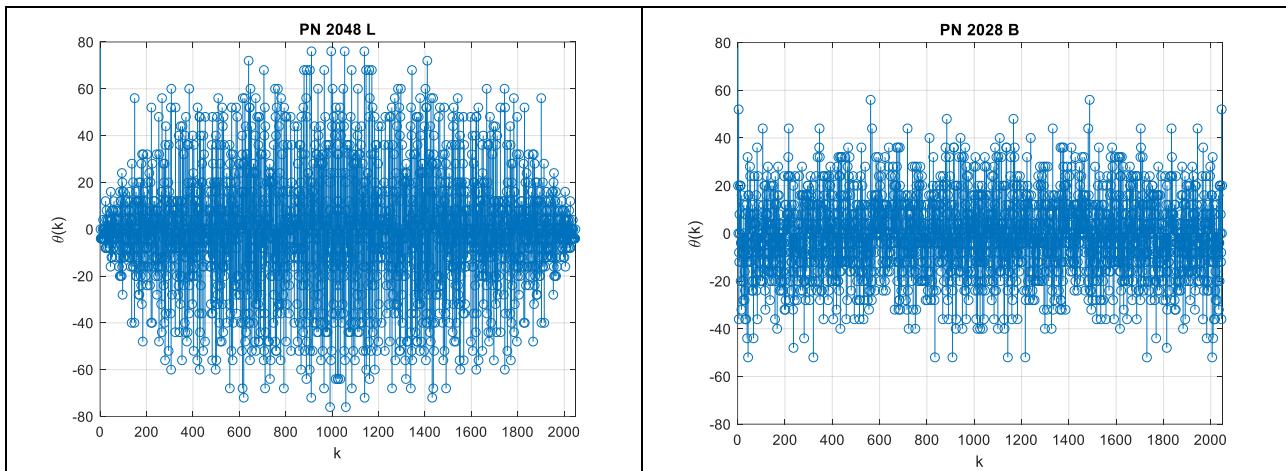
'1000000000100100100110100101111100110001111001000111011111000011100
00000111111111000111000100111011001010111011101010001111010010101000001
011111110101010111101000011101001000110010110101100111101011000110011
111001010100110010010011110100111000010001101100100010100110111011
101010111001100111011100111010100111010000011110110111000011000100101
001011001101000100010110100101110100110001011000000101001001011110111100
01100011011101100001111001001110010110001000011011111100111000110100100
1000010000100101101111101011100010111001000011111011010101000101111011001
11001111100000111001001011001011110010111000001010110110011000011010110
11101000101011111010001110011011100101000110100000110010010001000001001
101101001111001101011100001011101100100011011111101110001111000000000
111011011000101000100111001000011010010011111011111000101011010000101000
0000101101101111000100011111101100011101011010100001100110110000011
000000001101101101011110000101010010000101100100110000010001001000000100010000
001'

PN_1024_U

'01010111001101001010100010001111000010110100001010000000100110000011011
001110101101110100001001000001011011001001001111111101110100111111010110
000001100110001100101100110001111011101000111110000010001001111
1110001010000010100001010010110000010011010011000110011001010111101001101
010101010101010011111001111010010011011111010010101000000010101100
0001010100001010001111111000010110100001111111010111000110001011011010
0010001110001110001000101111010001001011011000100101101001010100101101
00011011000110001111000000110101111001000101101110011011111010011001
0100001101001100111001000101000110001011010001111110101000001111111111010
010111000110001001110000110000110101000010001010110001010011101001111000
1111111000011011010110011111010011000010010011001001101111101110010110
100101011001101001111101000011000001000100010011011111100100001000100
0110101100001111100000011010110011100100101000011011101001101000011000
11001010000000001001111100001101000001100010011110000011000100101111011100
0111';

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 2048

	L1	L2	Linf	sum
PN_2048_L	19.84	701.26	76	2
PN_2048_B	13.60	295.45	56	0
PN_2048_U	13.43	287.56	68	-8



Sequence to be used (PN_2048_B):

```
'00010101000011011010101100011011110101101111101011111111010001011001
0110000101000111101100000110010001111010010100110010010011010111100000101
111011100100111101100011100010001000111011111011001010110111110110000101
0000011100111000110111010001000110100000010011101000111100100110111000100
010010011010001111111101101111001011001011000000011000110110011011010
0111000101100000100000001011000100100110111001011100101101100000010110
1001110100011011110110000001110010101110110001011001010001011011011
00110111010111110110011110110001000110101001101001101100010101111011
111100000011110001101001000000010001100110101111110101100011011101011110
111111111011001000011111111010001100100101110111110110001110010011001
00001010001011101010110111110010010010101010110100000001111000011111
1011000110001010011111010110100010000001100111100000000110011110100010011
11010110001110101111001001101100010000001010100000001111000110010010111
010101011101000010110011001000100010001000101110010011011001011010010101
00011101000110110100110010000100010001000101110010011011001111000110010111
11011000111110000100001010110000001101011101011110101111010100001110010100
1111110110001100111010000101101111110100001010001011110111101110011000010010
001011001100011010000000110001111100010001101010101110101001011001011010010
1011000000100101110010100010111100001101011101010011100100110000011000101011
00101011010011110010000011101010011011110100001101110011111011010111101101011
1101100001101010001111011011000101010111101111010100001110010001111100001101100
10110110101011100001000010100110010000010101000010000011010000101111000101111101
11000111001001011100111101101011011000011000001110111000010001000011111111
00001101001110011011011111011000101101010010010110001111100001101100
0010001011001100101100011101101100001111101111101011111001011111001010110111
000100010110110101111000010000111110111110101111100100111110001010111100101010
```



0001000001110011011100101100001000011000100011100111100011110100010110100
0010010101110011101000101100101000001011000001111000010110110111101000110
01011'

For information:

PN 2048 L

```
'1000000000010101010111011100100111001011110010111100111101100001100  
0111110000011001111110000110011010100101101101000111001000001101000000  
0110101010110001000100101000001011010101110010001001110101111001110110  
01011000111101101011001001000111101000001100010101001010001000100001010  
11111101110011001001111000010110010111000010001101010000111011111100  
100110011110100101100100001001011111010001100111010110100111011011110010  
01001101000010110111110110110011011010010010000101111010100011000110001  
000001111101010110011101100001101100000011100000000110101010100100010001  
0111110101110011011100101101100001001001010111101000100110111110100100110  
0010111100000100110101011110001000110000010100101010001011101111101100011  
0010010100101111011110110010011011000011100010101100001000111111101011  
0011000100101101011110110111001110001101001111100010110011111011010011000  
1110100101001110100010110001010001111101111100110110011111000111100111100  
111100110100110100001110100000011011111110001100110000011110000000110  
000000001111111111001100110010110100101110001011100101000110100010100100  
0001000010101000000100010101011111011101100111001001011000010111000000100  
1111111101001100110111100001110011111100101100110100011110001010011010111  
010010001101111010110110010001110000101001111110111100110001100001111100  
00011001010110100010001110101111100100011001011111000010011000000101101  
01010001110111010111000011100101010100111101001101000101100010110100010110110  
10111000111011000001101101011011101101100011100011111001010011000011111001010011000  
01000011111101010011001000101101000001001000000101111111101100110011100  
0011110010101100101110110100011011011111000111001101011000011101101010011  
100010000110101111100010011001010000111011111100111001100001101001010111  
01111011000110001101011010110111000100100011101111100111001100001101000111101010  
10011011101111000110110010100100101110100001001110101000011011110101001001  
110111101001110011101001111001000011000010101101010001001000101000010100001010000  
1010111010111011000100111000001011000000010010101010000100010000001010000  
00001.'
```

PN 2048 U

' 11110010000101001110010000010100100000101000000000101110100110100111101
011100001001111100110111000010110101100110110010100011111010000100011
011000010001100011101111011100010000010011010100100001001111010111110001
100011100100010111011100101111110110000111000011011001000111011101101100
101101110001000001001000011010011010011111100111001001100100100101100011101
0011111011111110100111011010110010000110100011010010001111101001011000101
11001000010011110110001101000100110011110000110101110100100100100110010001
010000001001100001001110111001011001011001100100111010100001000000010101
100001110010110111111011100110010100010001010011100100010100001000000001
01001101111100000000010111001101101100100010000001100011011001110111101011
10100001010100100000011011011001011010100101111110000111100000010011100
111010110000010100101110111111001100001111111001110001011101100001010011
100010100000110110010011110111111010101111111000011100110110100101010100
010111110100110011010111001100010101100110001000101001011010101110000101

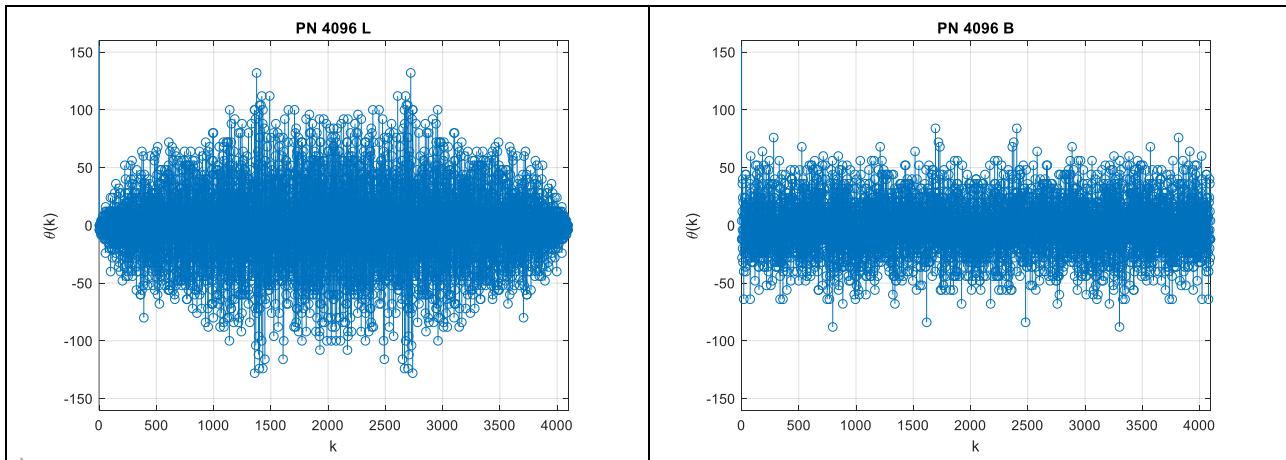
```

1100100101011001101111011101110100011011001000110001101000001001100
000011110111101010011111001010100100010100001101110011110110100000100
11110011001100010111101001000000101111010111010000000011000010110100110
01110010111111100111000011101110010101000101011010100101101101001111
001101000110101111000011100100101010001101100111100111010100110101001
011000111000010111110001010110010000101111001000110000010010100001001111
0010101110000100100111010101001000010001010111100001010111010010010010
1011010011111011110101100110111101010111101111010000001110001
10110100011000010010100100111100111100010001111011110000000111100101
1000110010010000010011110100101101110100111100000111100100111110111010
01100110100111000100111110000010000001100000101000000110101001000111011101
0010010001100001111011111000001000111100000101110110000011010101111011111
00011001000110100111101111001111000110000011110001011101001011110110101
0001100010111110011011111010011111000011110100100001011100110100111101001110
10101';

```

PN SEQUENCE FOR Q = 4096

	L1	L2	Linf	Sum
PN_4096_L	28.15	1337.36	132	2
PN_4096_B	18.92	565.89	88	0



Sequence to be used (PN_4096_B):

```

'0111110100011001000110110111000011100101010011100000101011111001010001
0110010001010100101000111101110101100000111100111010110110100000110100001
011010010011010111111001101001010000010011010100111010111110011110000010
101000000101000001111010010110110000101011000010010001111010111011101110
1101010101101001010010110101000101010010100110001010011001010001010011001011111
1111001000010110111000011000100110111101010110101100110110110011110010
0000110001100100011101001010010110001100111011010001011101110010111101111001011101
001011101010011100011011110110101000111011100010111110000010011110001111
01100111111101110011001011100101011111010101111010101000101001010101001010101
00110001010001010000000101111011001010111010100101111010101001001111101011111011001
001110000101000001110100101100000101001001110100110011111110000110000101011

```



For information:
PN_4096_L





0111101010110101010011100101011000111010111000001001110100001001011000110
1101100111010101100010101000100011011100010011000100101101011010110001
100101101010010111100100111101100000000011000010111000110001010111000111
0010110100001010011010001110000010111101110110011110010100110010011001110
100011001000010110010111110001011000001110010000100100100010110011011110
0110011110000100101000011101111000110110010011011101111001001100011010111
000101001'

6 ANNEX

The annexe gives some useful matlab codes.

MATLAB CODE TO ANALYSE A SEQUENCE

```
%=====
% E. Boutillon, 1/10/2020
% Fonction qui affiche les résultats d'une séquence PN
candidate.
%=====
function [L1 L2 Linf p] = analyse_seq(a)

p = a - '0';
p = 2*p - 1;
q = length(p);

U = ifft( fft(p).* conj(fft(p)) );
Linf = max( abs(U(2:end)) );
L2 = sum( U(2:end).^2 )/q;
L1 = sum( abs(U(2:end)) )/q;

fprintf('L2 = %2.3f, L1 = %2.3f, Linf = %2.3f, sum = %d\n',
L2, L1, Linf, sum(p));
stem(U);
grid on;
xlabel('k');
ylabel('\theta(k);');
```

MATLAB CODE FOR THE GENERATION OF LFSR SEQUENCES.

```
%=====
% E. Boutillon, 1/10/2020
% Generation of Extended LFSR sequence proposed in D1.1
```

```

clear L
Pol = [1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
       0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
       0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
       0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
       0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
       0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
       0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1];

for p = 6:12
    q = 2^p;
    clear L;
    L(1,:) = zeros(1,12);
    L(1,p) = 1;
    for i = 2:q
        L(i,:) = [mod( L(i-1,:)*Pol(p-5,:)', 2) L(i-1,1:11)];
    end

    s = [];
    for i = 1:q
        s = sprintf('%s%d',s,L(i,p));
    end
    s
    figure(p)
    [L1 L2 Linf p] = analyse_seq(s);
    Title_string = sprintf('PN %d L',q);
    title(Title_string);
end

```